

European Experience in the First Shipments of Universal Canisters Containing Compacted Metallic Waste Coming from Treatment

D. SICARD

with acknowledgments to F. Gendreau, J. Paschal and F. Darras

AREVA TN International



Introduction

- ► Treatment of used nuclear fuel at AREVA's La Hague plant recovers:
 - 95% of uranium and 1% of plutonium for recycling purposes
- Most of the waste produced can be sorted into two categories:
 - High level activity waste (HLW) composed of fission products and minor actinides (corresponding to the 4% gap), which account for the largest share of radioactivity; this type of waste is vitrified
 - Long-lived intermediate level waste (ILW) composed of structural elements of used nuclear fuel (hulls and end pieces); this type of waste is compacted
- ► This waste is conditioned in the same universal and multipurpose container (Universal Canister):
 - CSD-V (or UC-V) for vitrified waste
 - CSD-C (or UC-C) for compacted waste









Already History: CSD-V Shipments

- ► Since 1995, more than 4,400 CSD-V canisters, representing about 83% of the current total amount to be returned and about 158 packages, have been successfully returned to the countries of origin by TN International:
 - 12 returns to Japan in TN®28VT (100% completed)
 - ◆ 10 returns to Germany in TS 28 V or in CastorHAW20/28CG or in TN[®]85
 - 14 returns to Belgium in TN[®]28VT (100% completed)
 - 8 returns to Switzerland in CastorHAW20/28CG or TN®81
 - 5 returns to the Netherlands in TN[®]28VT







CSD-C European Return Programme

► As most of the CSD-V return programmes are nearing completion, TN International is now in charge of the CSD-C return programme, which began in 2009 with shipments to the COVRA facility in the Netherlands

Utilities	Composition of a convoy	Average number of convoys per year	Beginning date	Already performed convoys	End date
Belgium	2 TN®24DH	3	2010	1	2013
Netherlands	1 TN [®] 28VT or 2 TN [®] 24DH	2	2009	3	2012
Switzerland	Up to 3 TN®81	2	2009	2	2016
Germany	To be defined	To be defined	2015	-	2024



Transport Solutions for CSD-Cs (1/2)

- ► IAEA Type B packaging is necessary
- ► TN International solutions were optimized based on the context specific to each country
- ► The main driving parameters were the following:
 - Type of interim storage facility: direct or in casks
 - Quantity of CSD-C to be returned
 - Existing logistics means: casks, trailers, wagons...
 - Time schedule for the returns
 - Overall costs for the returns



Transport Solutions for CSD-Cs (2/2)









Cask	Country	Adaptation	Number of CSD-Cs
TN®28VT	Netherlands	Not necessary	20
TN®81	Switzerland	Mainly the primary lid	20
TN®24DH	Belgium & Netherlands	Mainly the primary lid and the basket	24
TGC36 *	Germany	New design	36

TN International

* In partnership with GNS

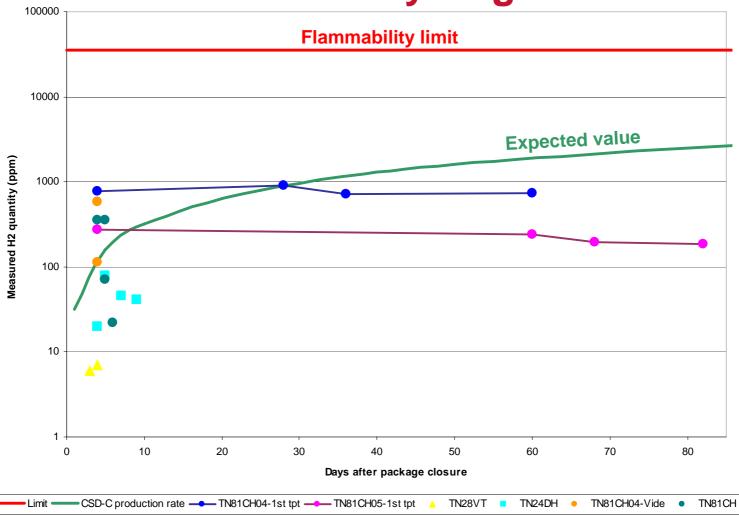


Issues Solved During Package Approval Procedures

- Use of existing casks with the new CSD-C content necessitated new studies for gaseous release, shielding and criticality
- Various discussion points with the authorities, for instance:
 - CSD-C crushing behaviour
 - Criticality safety
 - ◆ Hydrogen release → Measurements performed on loaded casks



Hydrogen Release





Lessons Learned from the Organisation of Shipments (1/2)

Adaptation of transport equipment



New canopies







New tarpaulins



Lessons Learned from the Organisation of Shipments (2/2)

Loading and unloading procedures







Transport operations





- No issues
 - which is notably due to good preparation with blank tests



Conclusion

- ► CSD-C shipments have been implemented by relying heavily on the CSD-V shipment experience
- Licensing issues specific to the CSD-C content have been addressed
- ► Lessons learned and feedback from the organisation of first shipments has been excellent
- CSD-C returns are now taking place on a regular basis





